

2021 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Pine Street Water PRINT Public Water System Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIB	UTION (Check all boxes that apply)
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy	of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement	rtisement)	6-23:22
□ On water bill (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address	below)	
□ Other (Describe:)
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of p	ublication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service		
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL (Provide direct URL):		
□ Distributed via Email as an attachment		
□ Distributed via Email as text within the body of	email message	
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of pub	lished CCR or proof of publication)	
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations or li	ist here)	
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL):		
I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Reporting appropriate distribution method(s) based on popular correct and consistent with the water quality monit of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151	ulation served. Furthermore, I certify that the oring data for sampling performed and fulfill	e information contained in the repo
SUBMISSIO	ON OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email or mail a copy of the CC the MSDH,	CR, Certification, and associated pr Bureau of Public Water Supply.	roof of delivery method(s) to
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@	msdh.ms.gov
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	y	
Jackson, MS 39215		8

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Pine Street Water Association PWS#: 0030006 June 2022

RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

2022 JUN -6 AM 9: 28

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is purchased from the Town of Gloster that has wells drawing from the Miocene Series Aguifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Gloster have received a higher susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bobby Payne at 601.639.5180. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the meeting scheduled for second Tuesday of the month at 5:30 PM at Gloster Public Library.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

			· -	TEST R				
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

10. Barium	N	2020*	.0382	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2019/21	0	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2019/21	0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2021	.465	No Range	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	2021	4.09	No Range	ppm	20	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfecti	on By	-Product	S					
Chlorine	TN	2021	1.1	1.1 – 1.1	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During December of 2019 we did not complete monitoring for Chlorine. We were to take one sample and took 0, therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during this time. We have since taken the required sample that showed we are meeting drinking water standards.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Pine Street Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. The CCR will be available at the Gloster Library.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

COUNTY OF AMITE

PERSONALLY CAME before me, the undersigned, a notary public in and for the state aforesaid, the

Quality Report

to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process ter source is purchased from the Town of Gloster that has wells drawing from the

e overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of re made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing translation.

/ Payne at 601.639.5180. We want our valued customers to be informed about their the month at 5:30 PM at Gioster Public Library.

ws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected ad in 2019, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surve materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of aniom sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and it from urban storm-water run-off, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water run-off, and residential uses; organ-of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stat of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is evided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate

ou better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions: requirements which a water system must follow.

ntaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as

n drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs

inking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is neces-

t below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect

nute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000. in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

MCL	Likely source of Contamination
THE RESERVE TO SERVE	DY BULL WARY AV
2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion
4 5	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
NA	MS INC. TO OBTAIN A 11 NO. 2H WELL ON A A REGULAR LOCATION A REGULAR L
	AS BOARD OF MISSIS.
190 W 100 M	
A STATE LANDS	"atil 16

ns to the Grand Gulf team on these recent successes, and thank you for p

o 45 Mississippi counties and strengthening our communities.

undersigned agent of THE SOUTHERN HERALD, a newspaper published in the Town of Liberty, Amite County, Mississippi, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that THE SOUTHERN HERALD is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in Section 13-3-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, and that the publication of

PINE STREET WATER ASS.

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT

of which the annexed is a copy, has been made in said

ţ	per1	_times consecutiv	ely, to-wit:	
	On the _23	3_day ofJUNE		2022
	On the	day of		2022
	On the	day of		2022
	On the	day of		_, 2022
	On the	day of		_, 2022
	_	RIK	Lul 8	
	2	My Co	subscribed die loks av of JUNE NOTARY PUSI Vo. 84466	2022 Lic *
				205.00
		55.	@\$7.00 ₋	
			PROOF	3.00

TOTAL -----

388.00

2021 Annual Drinking Water Qualitysport Pine Street Water Association PWS ID#: 0030006 June 2020 Report. This report is designed to informu abou

We're please to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform, about the quality water to you will a safe and dependable supply of dirinking water. We want you to undesist the efforts we make no continually impose the water treatment process and protect our water recources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water, Our water sources from the Town of Gloster that has wells drawing from the Mocean Series Agullies.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system water. Our water sources for contamination to have the susceptibility determinations were made in been than the Town of Gloster than has well so the contamination. As expect contamination of how the susceptibility determination were now questions about this report or concerning your water to them more, please as through the members of many questions about this report or concerning your water unity. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water unity is getter of the members of the more in the search of the members of the more in the search of the members of the more in the search of the members of the more in the search of the members of the more in the search of the members of the more intended of thanking years and members of the search of the members of the more intended to district the search of the members of the more intended to district the search of the members of the search of the members of the more than a surface of the more intended to the search of the members of the search of the

TEST RESULTS

	₹>	Collected	Detected	Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Measurement			
Inordanic C	nordanic Contaminants							
10.Barium	z	20187	.0408	No Range	mdd	2	α	Discharge of drillirg wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14.Copper	z	2019/21	4	0	ùdd	1.3	AL=1,3	Corrosion of househdd plumbing systems; erosion of natrual deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	Z	2019/21	404	No Range	udd	4	4	Erosion of natural deposis; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17 Lead	z	2021	7	0	qdd	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosin of natrual deposits;
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	Z	2021	.62	No Range	mdd	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	Z	2021	3900	No Range	PPB	0	0	Road salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents
Disinfection	Disinfection By-Products	rcts						
Chlorine	Z	2021	1.11	1-1.3	νβμ	0	MDRL=4	Water additive used to control microb

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminate violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have been the required to monitory our drinking water for specific contaminants on a monitory basis. Results of regular monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the RPA has determined that your water is SAFE at these levels. We are to take one sample and took of whether or not our drinking water meets hard standards. During December of 2019 we did not complete monitoring to that one sample and took 0, therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drink line. We have since alseen the required sample that showed we are meeting drinking water standards. Been since a send in the required sample that showed we are meeting drinking water standards. Been since a send in the required sample that showed we are meeting drinking water standards to the sure of complete monitoring to repeat the sample that showed we are meeting drinking water standards as since as send on meeting that showed we are meeting drinking water standards. When your water has been stiting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before standards of the sailed or saveral hours, you water the sex of drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the safer Drinking Water Hotiline at 1864.

All sources of drinking or cooking, if you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water testing methods and reassarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health election Agency's Safe Drinking water than the seconds to produce organ transplants, persons who have undergone organ transplants, pe